

07 September 2010  
ES-3100-DM-10-163



To: Office of Naval Research  
875 North Randolph Street, Suite 1425  
Arlington, VA 22203-1995

Attn: Deborah Van Vechten, Program Officer

Subject: Purchase Order N00014-09-M-0052 for Superconductive ADC Project;  
Delivery of CDRL # 0001AD – “Final Design Review Package”

Please accept the included file as delivery of CDRL No. 0001AD “Final Design Review Package.”

If you have any inquiries or need further clarification regarding this correspondence, please contact Dan Medina at 310.364.5432, or [daniel.n.medina@boeing.com](mailto:daniel.n.medina@boeing.com).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "M. Cooke", written over a horizontal line.

Marcus Cooke  
Manager of Contracts  
Compliance and Contract Operations  
Space and Intelligence Systems

CC: Anthony Tysenn, ONR Contracts Specialist  
Judy Whalen, Administrative Contracting Officer (transmittal letter only)  
Director, Naval Research Lab (hardcopy mailed)  
Eva Adams/Shari Pitts, Defense Technical Information Center  
Brad Perranoski, Boeing Principal Investigator  
Dan Medina, Boeing Contracts Administrator

<b>REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE</b>				<i>Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188</i>	
<small>The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing the burden, to Department of Defense, Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports (0704-0188), 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number.</small> <b>PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR FORM TO THE ABOVE ADDRESS.</b>					
<b>1. REPORT DATE (DD-MM-YYYY)</b> 07-09-2010		<b>2. REPORT TYPE</b> Final		<b>3. DATES COVERED (From - To)</b> 16 March 2009 - 07 September 2010	
<b>4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE</b> ONR Superconductive ADC CDRL 0001AD Final Design Review Package (Fabrication Package)				<b>5a. CONTRACT NUMBER</b> N00014-09-M-0052	
				<b>5b. GRANT NUMBER</b>	
				<b>5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER</b>	
<b>6. AUTHOR(S)</b> Perranoski, Brad S				<b>5d. PROJECT NUMBER</b>	
				<b>5e. TASK NUMBER</b>	
				<b>5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER</b>	
<b>7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)</b> The Boeing Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Boeing Satellite Systems, Inc. 900 N Sepulveda Blvd. El Segundo, CA 90245				<b>8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER</b> ONR SCADC CDRL 0001AD	
<b>9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)</b> Office of Naval Research 875 North Randolph Street, Suite 1414 Arlington, VA 22203-1995				<b>10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)</b> ONR	
				<b>11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)</b>	
<b>12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT</b> Unclassified Unlimited					
<b>13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES</b>					
<b>14. ABSTRACT</b> This project involves collaboration between industry (Boeing & Hypres) to examine the potentials of superconductive electronic (SCE) technology for the realization of a radio frequency (RF) analog to digital converter (ADC) that will meet the rigorous requirements of a direct RF to digital receiver intended for communication applications. Software defined radio (SDR) systems will use this device to enhance system performance and provide reconfigurable features. Superconductive electronic (SCE) technology possesses a set of characteristics uniquely suitable for the implementation of analog to digital conversion and digital signal processing (DSP) circuitry. This technology incorporates especially high switching speed, ultra low power, natural quantization, quantum accuracy, high sensitivity, superior filter performance, and low thermal noise. Both military and commercial communication applications will benefit immensely from a flexible, reconfigurable, multi-standard, multi-mode, multi-band communication system.					
<b>15. SUBJECT TERMS</b> ADC - Analog to Digital Converter, DSP- Digital Signal Processing, Direct RF to Digital Receiver, SDR - Software Defined Radio, SDC - SuperConductive Electronics.					
<b>16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:</b>			<b>17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT</b>	<b>18. NUMBER OF PAGES</b>	<b>19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON</b>
a. REPORT	b. ABSTRACT	c. THIS PAGE			Daniel N Medina
U	U	U	UU	29	<b>19b. TELEPHONE NUMBER (Include area code)</b> 310-364-5432



# ONR SCADC Final Design Review Package

---



## Superconductive ADC Project Fabrication Package

**Brad Perranoski**  
**Engineer/Scientist, Boeing**  
**([brad.s.perranoski@boeing.com](mailto:brad.s.perranoski@boeing.com))**



# Outline



1. Recap of Previous Design Reviews
2. Current Project Schedule
3. Modulator Design Documentation
  - a. Modulator System Analysis (Simulink FFT)
  - b. Simulated vs Tested Performance
  - c. Performance Summary
  - d. Resonator Implementation (Schematic & Simulation Results)
  - e. Clock Driver Design (Schematic & Simulation Results)
  - f. Comparator Design (Schematic & Simulation Results)
  - g. DFF Design (Schematics)
  - h. 2<sup>nd</sup> Order Bandpass Design (Schematics & Simulation Results)
  - i. Potential ENOB Improvements
4. Conclusion
  - a. What was done on this project:
  - b. We did not meet the goals of this project because:
  - c. This is where we are:



# Recap of Previous Design Reviews Introduction



**This Design Review Package is the fourth and final of four deliverables required by the contract/purchase order N0: N00014-09-M-0052 from the Office of Naval Research to Boeing.**

**The goal of this project is to:**

- 1. Improve the performance (ENOB) of an existing Hypres X-band delta sigma ADC modulator design that was tested during initial testing phase of this project through circuit design techniques, process improvements, and architectural enhancements.**
- 2. Discuss the theory behind the improvements that were made providing analyses of critical enhancements.**
- 3. Document the evolution of the design**
- 4. Provide insight into further improvements that may potentially increase the ENOB performance.**



# Recap of Previous Design Reviews Previous Performance Summary



Based on high level Matlab simulations the analyzed ADC performance is captured below:

Category			X band RF to Digital ADC		High Level Matlab Simulation	
Item #	ADC Requirement	Units	Project Specification	Project Goal	2nd Order Design	4th Order Design
1	Center Freq. ( $f_{in}$ )	GHz	7.30	7.30	7.50	7.50
2	Sampling Frequency ( $F_s$ , clk)	GHz	30.00	60.00	30.00	30.00
3	Bandwidth (BW)	MHz	58.59	117.19	58.59	58.59
4	Over Sampling Ratio (OSR)		256	256	256	256
5	Physical Bits	bits	1	1	1	1
6	ENOB	bits	7.74	10	10.42	16.17
7	Signal to Integrated Noise And Distortion (SINAD)	dBFS	48.35	61.96	-----	-----
8	Spurs. Free Dynamic Range (SFDR)	dBFS	60	70	-----	-----
9	Signal to Quantization Noise (SQNR)	dBFS	58.35	71.96	64.50	99.10

- The Matlab simulations predict the expected performance is well above the project specification.
- The analysis is based on an ideal system and only considers quantization noise, however, it does provide a level of confidence that the improvements can be met with this approach.



# Recap of Previous Design Reviews

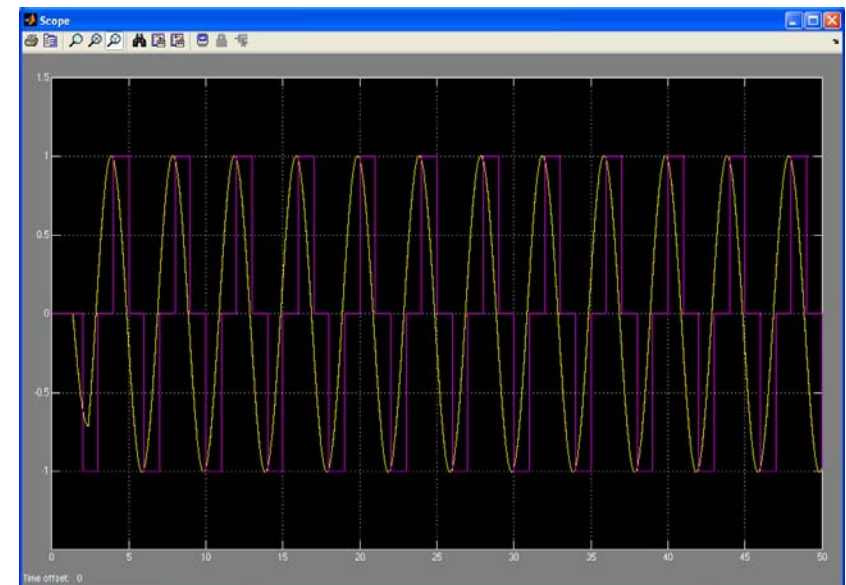
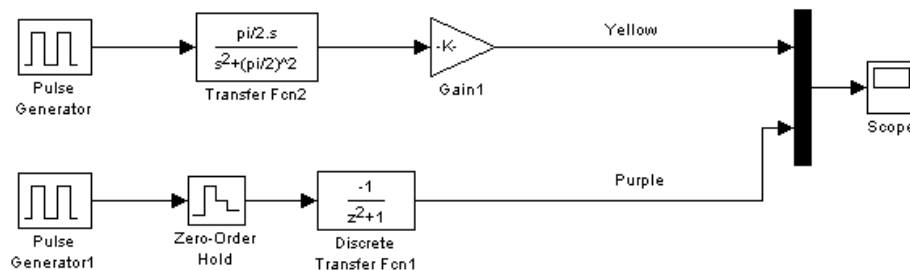
## Modulator Transient Simulation

### Z-domain vs S-Domain



## Initial Simulink Simulation

- Loop Filter Transfer function Matlab/Simulink Simulation (2<sup>nd</sup> Order Bandpass)



Simulink Analysis Schematic

Simulink Transient Analysis Results

- The Z-domain loop filter transfer function matches both S-domain transfer functions
- This is my initial cut at the Simulink Analysis (further analysis is needed)

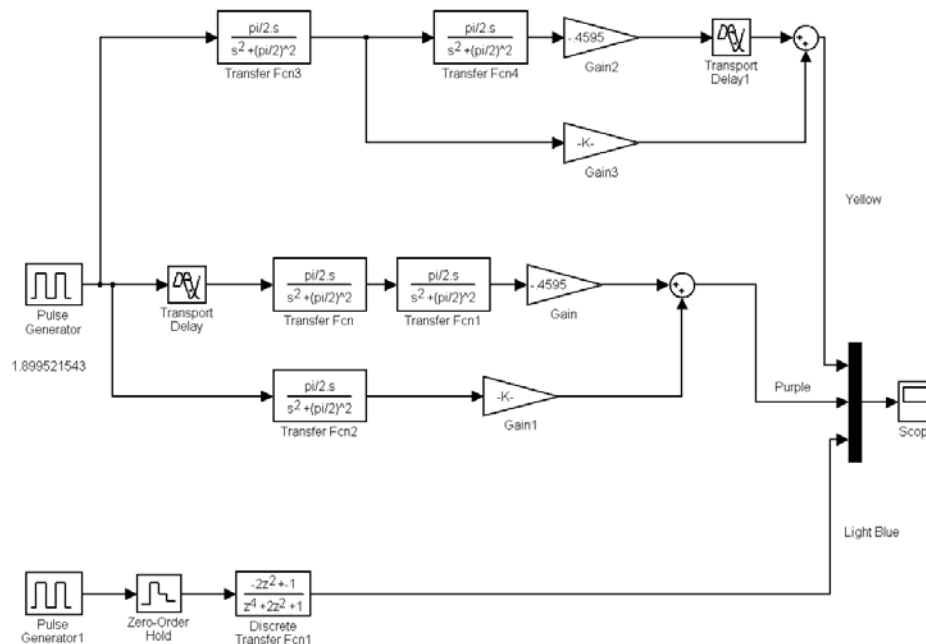
# Recap of Previous Design Reviews

## Modulator Transient Simulation

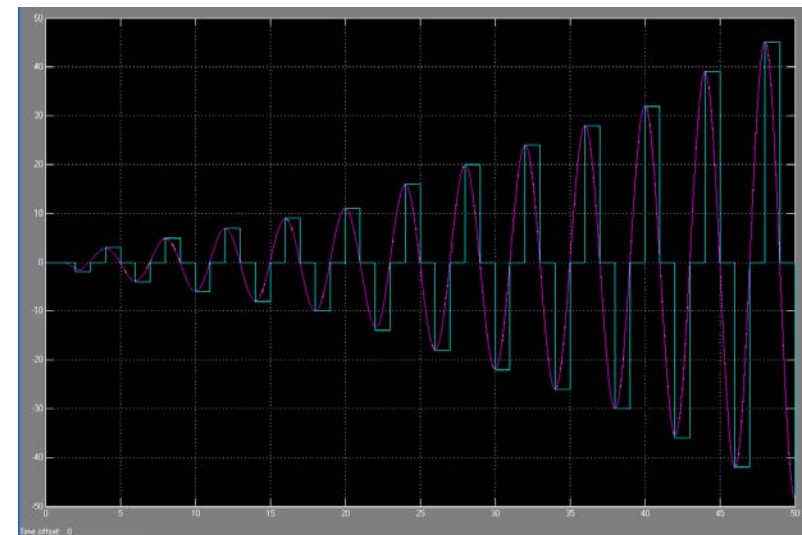
### Z-domain vs S-Domain

## Initial Simulink Simulation

- Loop Filter Transfer function Matlab/Simulink Simulation (4<sup>th</sup> Order Bandpass)



Simulink Analysis Schematic



Simulink Transient Analysis Results

- The Z-domain loop filter transfer function matches both S-domain transfer functions
- This is my initial cut at the Simulink Analysis (further analysis is needed)





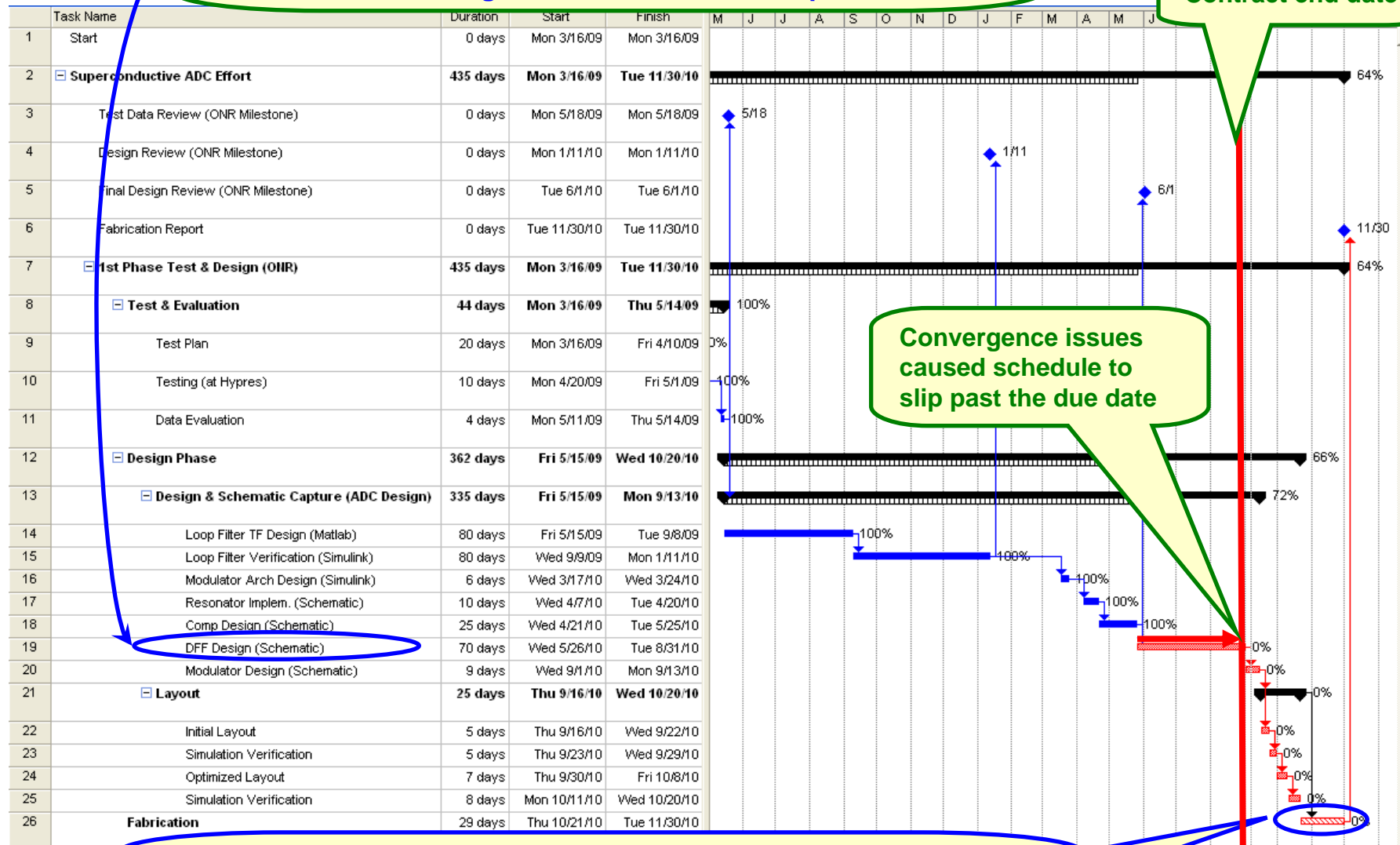
# Current Project Schedule



## The Fabrication Package

**Behind Schedule: DFF was unable to be simulated due to convergence errors schedule slip**

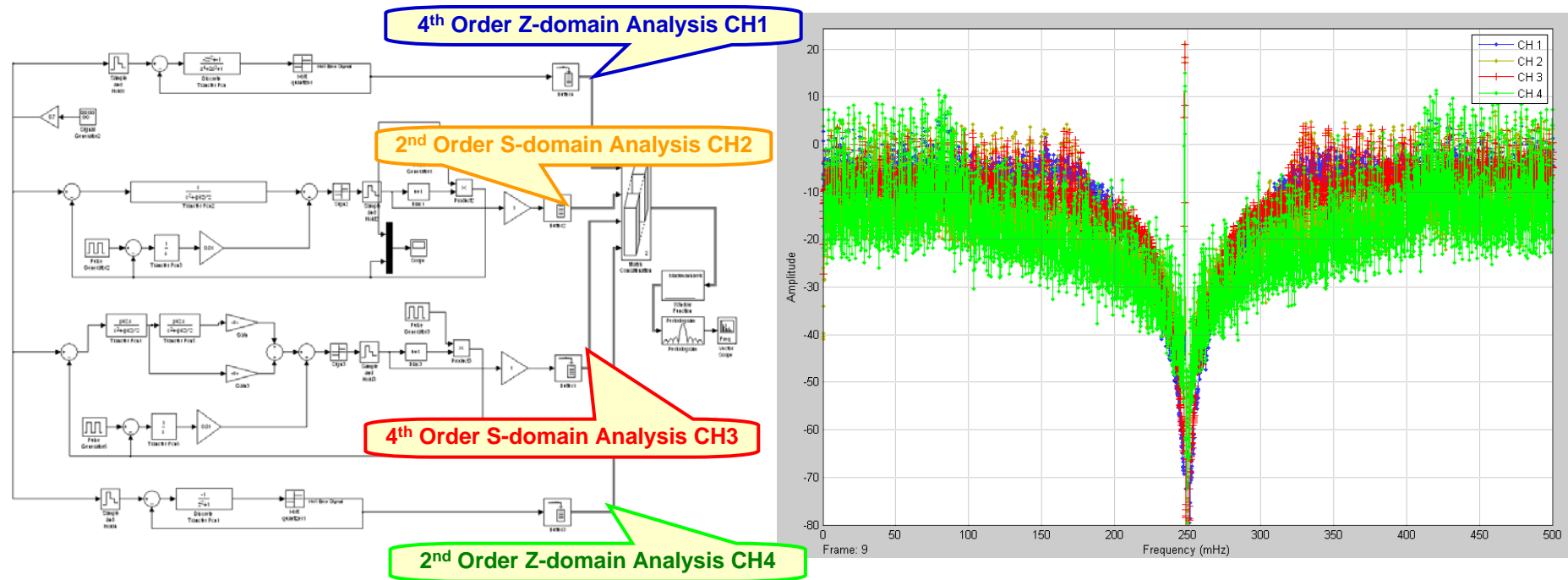
**Contract end date**



**Boeing recommends that the fabrication task not be performed because neither the design goal has not been met nor the capability improvement is mutually considered significant (as stated in the SOW)**

## Simulink Frequency Domain Simulation Analysis

Modulator Matlab/Simulink Simulation (2<sup>nd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> Order Bandpass)

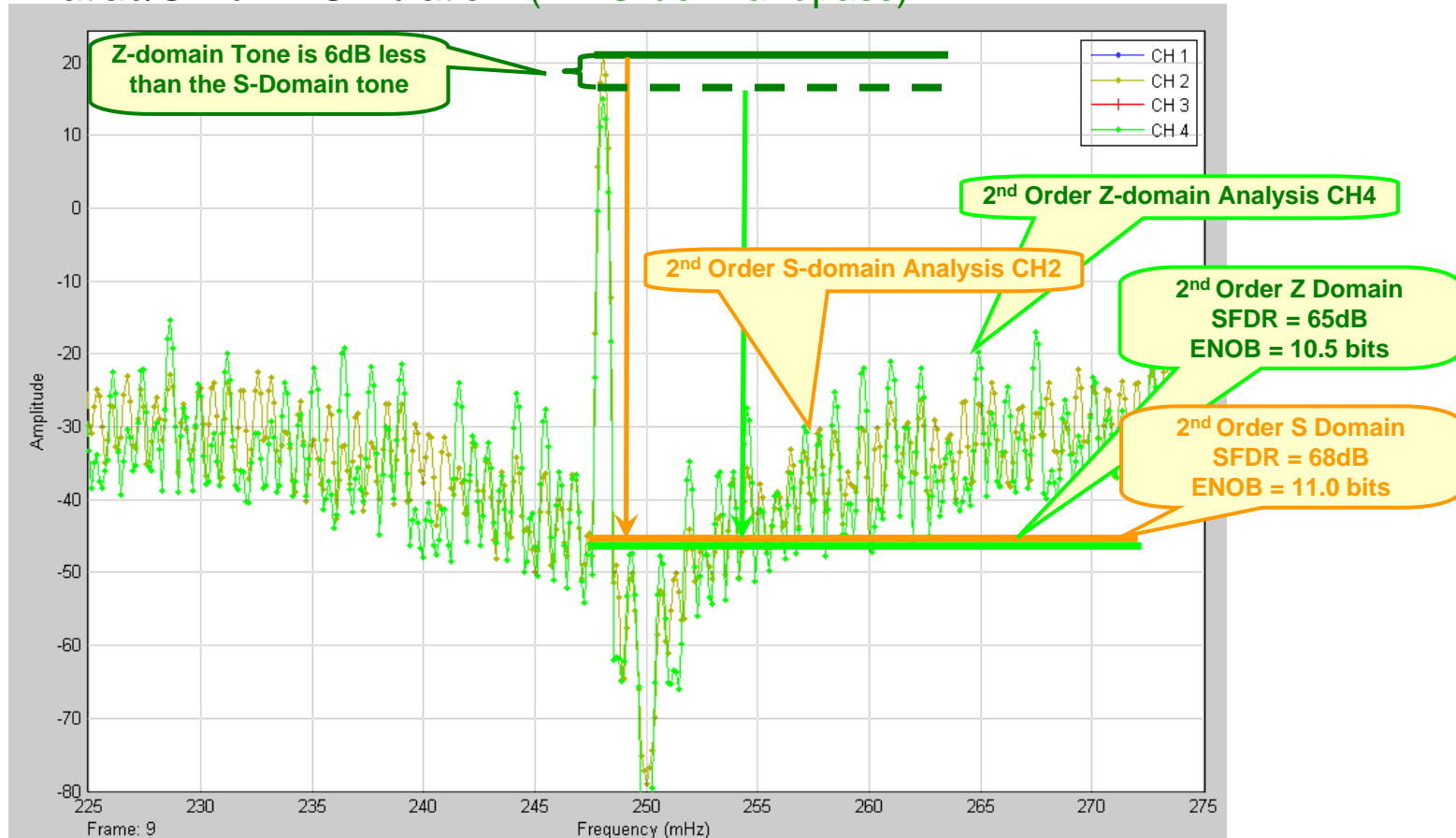


Simulink Analysis Schematic

Simulink FFT Analysis Results

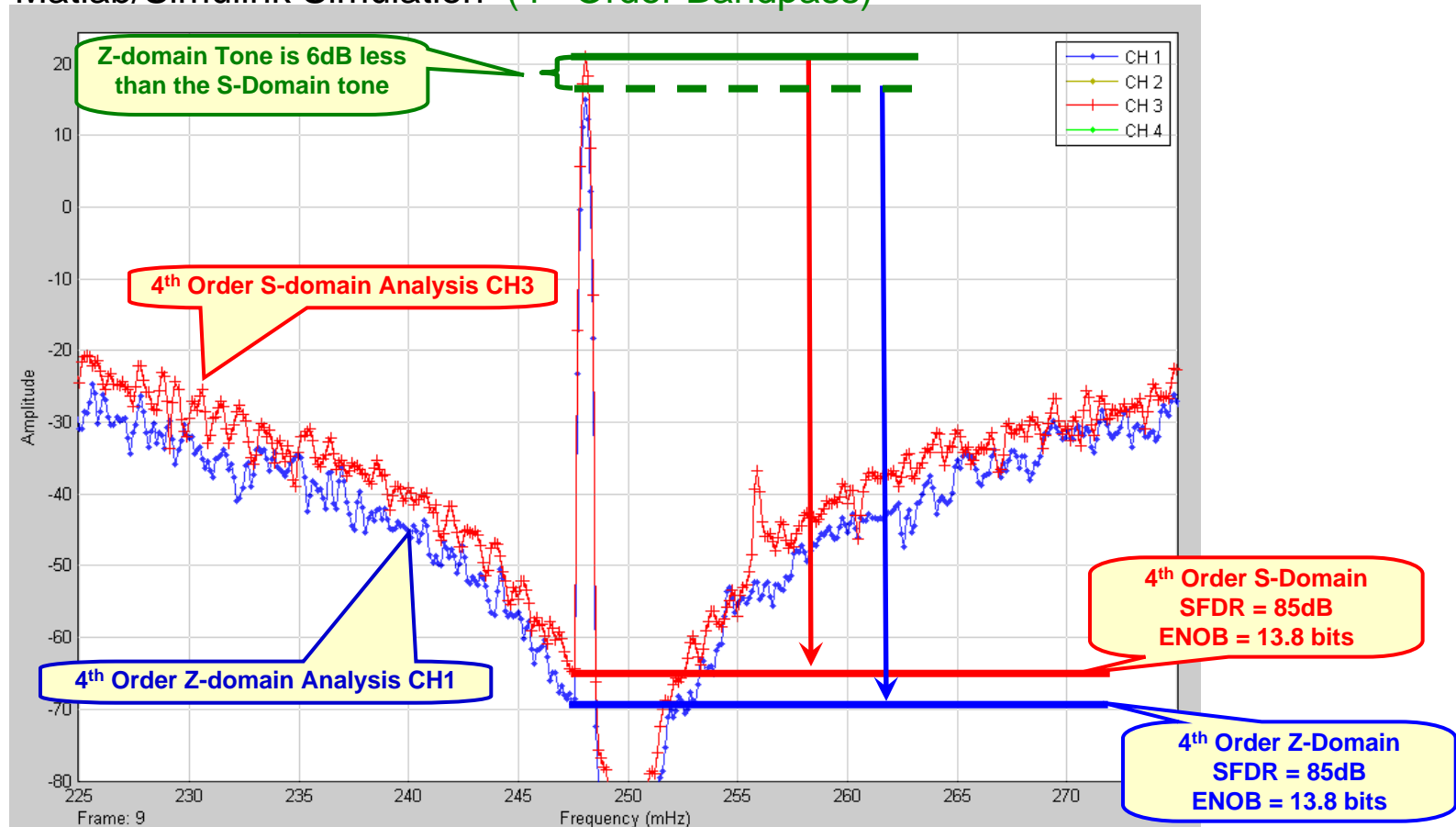
- The Z-domain loop filter transfer function matches S-domain transfer functions

## Simulink Frequency Domain Simulation Analysis Modulator Matlab/Simulink Simulation (2<sup>nd</sup> Order Bandpass)



- The Z-domain loop filter transfer function matches S-domain transfer functions

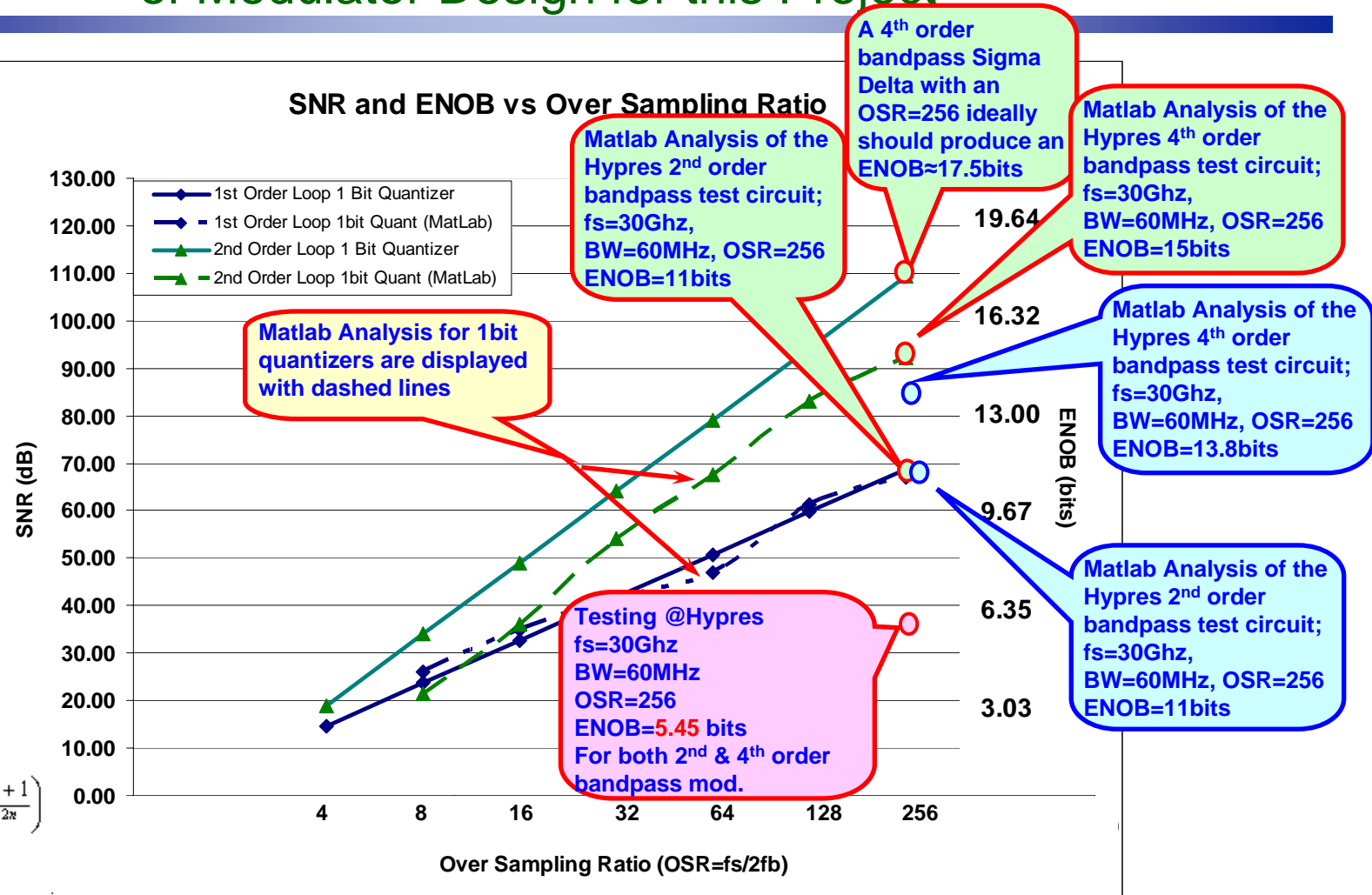
## Simulink Frequency Domain Simulation Analysis Modulator Matlab/Simulink Simulation (4<sup>th</sup> Order Bandpass)



- The Z-domain loop filter transfer function matches S-domain transfer functions



# Modulator Design Documentation Simulated vs Tested Performance of Modulator Design for this Project



$$SNR = \frac{3}{2} OSR^{(2n+1)} (2^m - 1)^2 \left( \frac{2^m + 1}{\pi^{2n}} \right)$$

n = modulator order

m = m-bit quantizer

OSR = fs/(2BW) = oversampling ratio

## SNR & ENOB for 2<sup>nd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> - Order 1-Bit Bandpass Modulators

SNR Equation from:

S. Norsworthy, R. Schreier, and G. Temes, "Delta-Sigma Data Converters: Theory, Design, and Simulation," IEEE Press 1997

ONR Superconductive ADC CLIN/SLIN 0001AD  
September 2010, Brad Perranoski



# Modulator Design Documentation Performance Summary

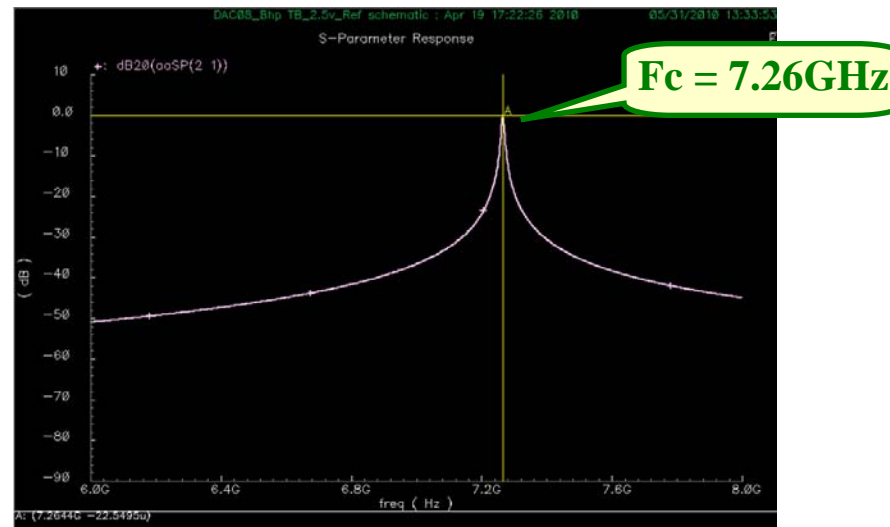
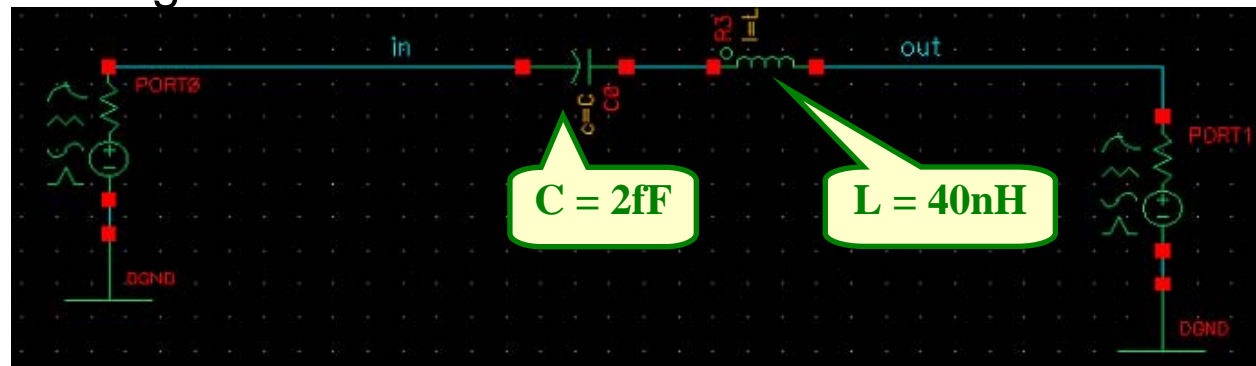


Based on high level Matlab & Simulink simulations the analyzed ADC performance is captured below:

Category			X band RF to Digital ADC			High Level Matlab Simulation		High Level Simulink Simulation	
Item #	ADC Requirement	Units	Device Tested @ Hypres	Project Specification	Project Goal	2nd Order Design	4th Order Design	2nd Order Design	4th Order Design
1	Center Freq. ( $f_m$ )	GHz	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50
2	Sampling Frequency ( $F_s$ , clk)	GHz	29.18	30.00	60.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
3	Bandwidth (BW)	MHz	57.00	58.59	117.19	58.59	58.59	58.59	58.59
4	Over Sampling Ratio (OSR)		256	256	256	256	256	256	256
5	Physical Bits	bits	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	ENOB	bits	5.74	7.74	10	10.42	16.17	11.00	13.83
7	Signal to Integrated Noise And Distortion (SINAD)	dBFS	36.31	48.35	61.96	-----	-----	-----	-----
8	Spurs. Free Dynamic Range (SFDR)	dBFS	51.82	60	70	-----	-----	-----	-----
9	Signal to Quantization Noise (SQNR)	dBFS	-----	58.35	71.96	64.50	99.10	68.00	85.00

- Both the Matlab and the Simulink simulations predict the expected performance is well above the project specification.
- The analysis is based on an ideal system and only considers quantization noise, however, it does provide a level of confidence that the improvements can be met with this approach.

### Resonator Design - Cadence Schematic & Simulation



- Initial center frequency  $F_c = 7.26\text{GHz}$
- Further design will be performed when the modulator is assembled



### Josephson Junction - Cadence Schematic & Simulation

```
// VerilogA for SC_ADC, JJ, veriloga
// B. Perranoski 5/19/2010

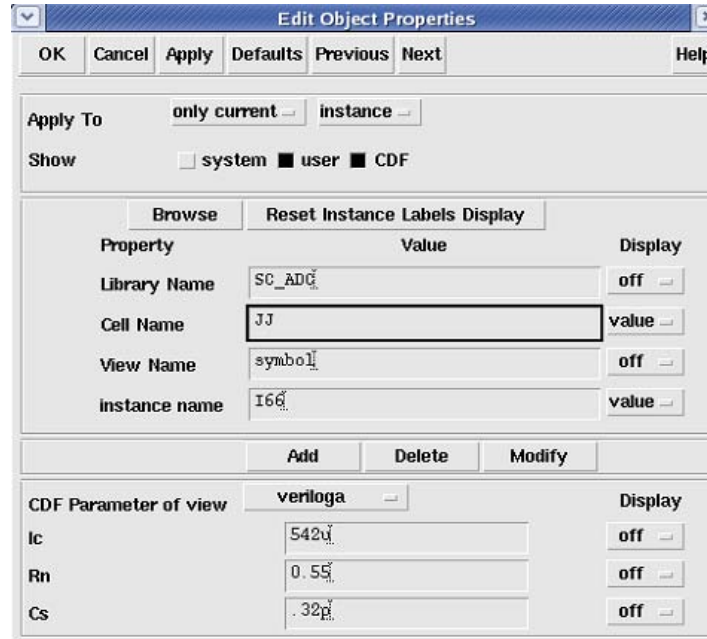
`include "constants.vams"
`include "disciplines.vams"

module JJ (a, b);
  inout a, b;
  electrical a, b; // access functions are V() and I()
  parameter real Ic = 900u;
  parameter real Rn = 1;
  parameter real Cs = 0.32p;
  real I1, I2, I3;
  real PI;

  analog begin
    PI = 3.14159265358979323846;

    I1 = Ic*sin(2.0*PI/2.075e-15*idt(V(a,b)));
    I2 = V(a,b)/Rn;
    I3 = Cs*ddt(V(a,b));
    I(a,b) <+ I1 + I2 + I3;
  end
endmodule
```

Verilog A Code for RCSJ Josephson Junction Model

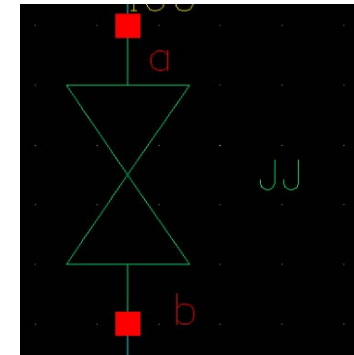


Property	Value	Display
Library Name	SC_ADC	off
Cell Name	JJ	value
View Name	symbol	off
Instance name	I66	value

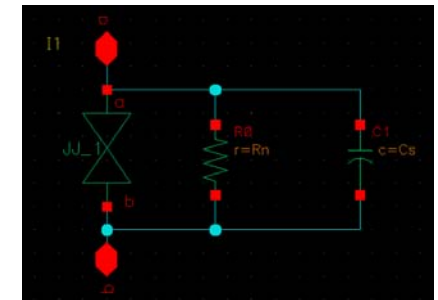
  

CDF Parameter of view	Value	Display
Ic	542u	off
Rn	0.55	off
Cs	.32p	off

Josephson Junction Object Properties: User Input Ic, Rn, Cs overrides the default Verilog A parameters



Josephson Junction Cadence Symbol



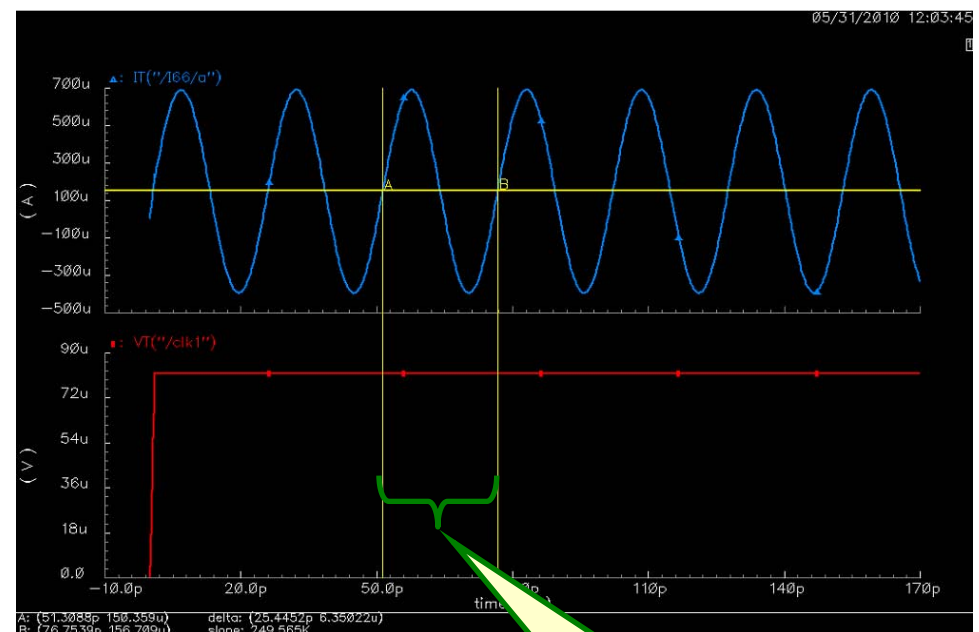
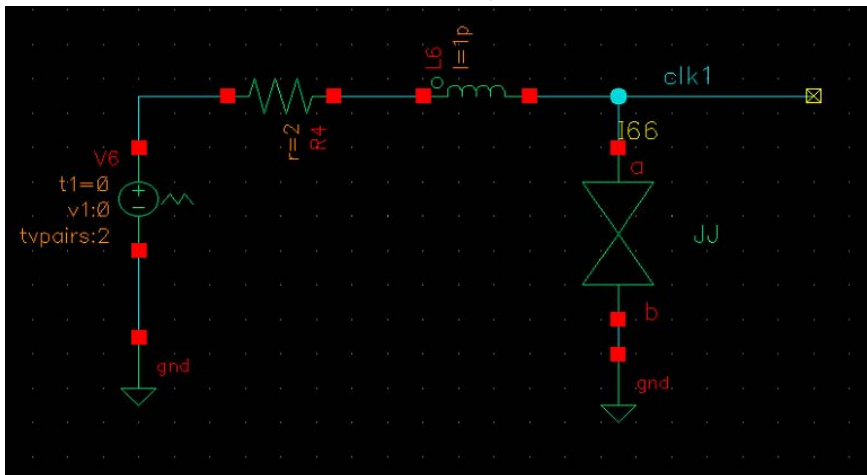
Equivalent Circuit for RCSJ Josephson Junction

The Josephson Junction RCSJ Model is used for Cadence simulations  
The models calculates current through 3 branches.

- Ideal JJ current =  $I_c \sin(\Phi) = I_c \sin(2\pi \Phi_0 \int V dt)$
- Shunt resistor current =  $V/R_n$
- Shunt capacitor current =  $C_s dV/dt$



### Clock Driver Design - Cadence Schematic & Simulation

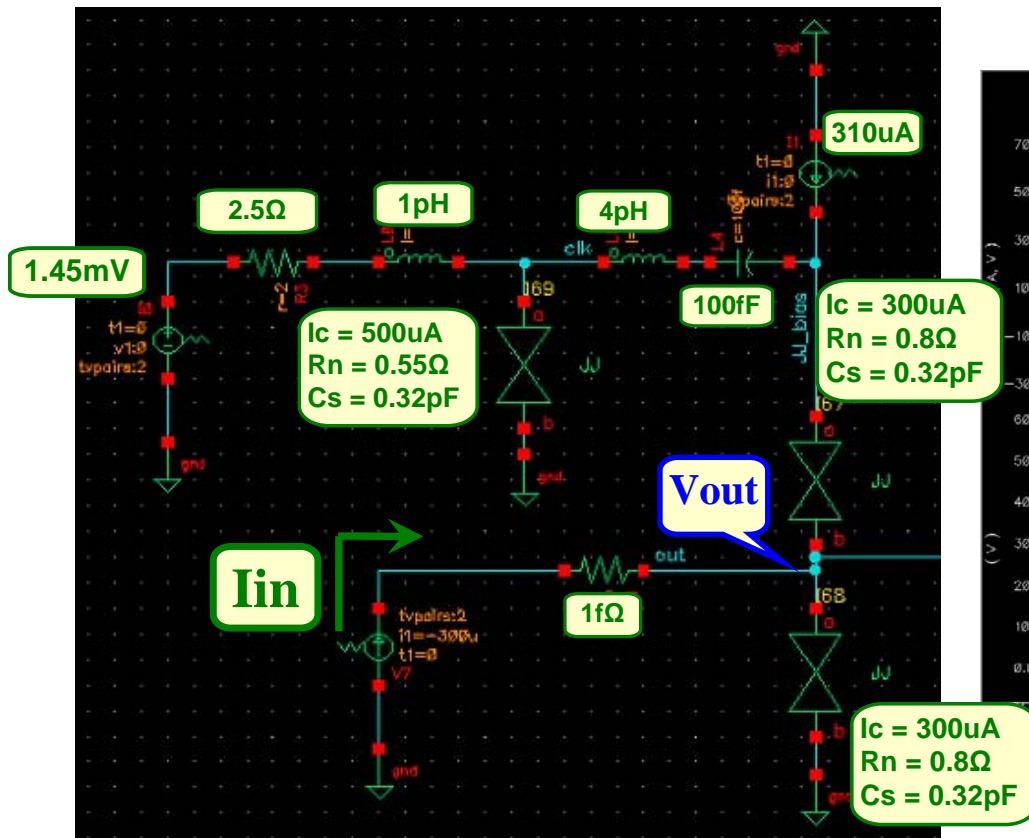


DC Voltage applied across a Josephson junction:  
 $I = I_c \sin(\omega_J t)$   
 $\omega_J = 4\pi e V / h$ ;  $f_J = \omega_J / 2\pi = 2eV / h$   
 For 81.7uV across a junction  $f_J = 39.3794\text{GHz}$   
**Period = 25.4ps**

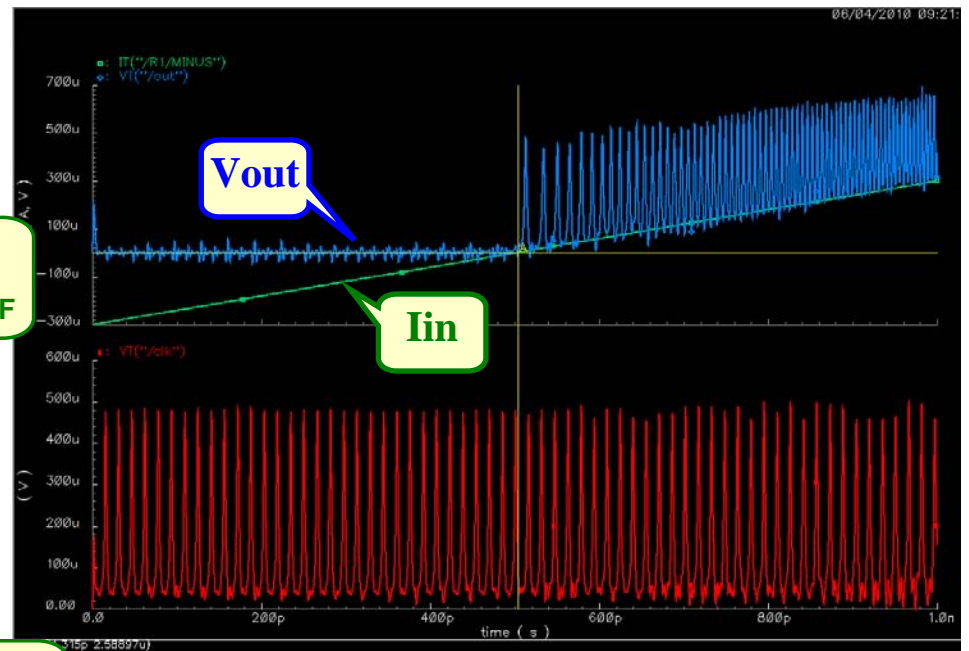
**Period = 25.4ps**

- Cadence Simulation Matches Hand Calculations for the Josephson Frequency

### Comparator Design - Cadence Schematic & Simulation

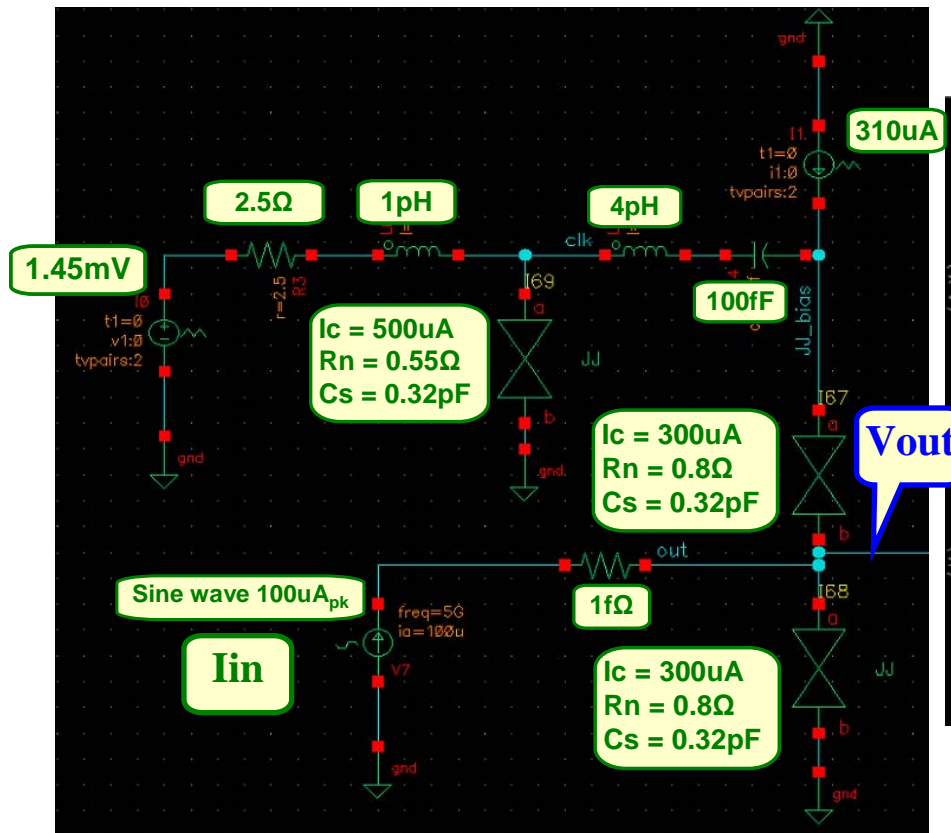


**Comparator Testbench**

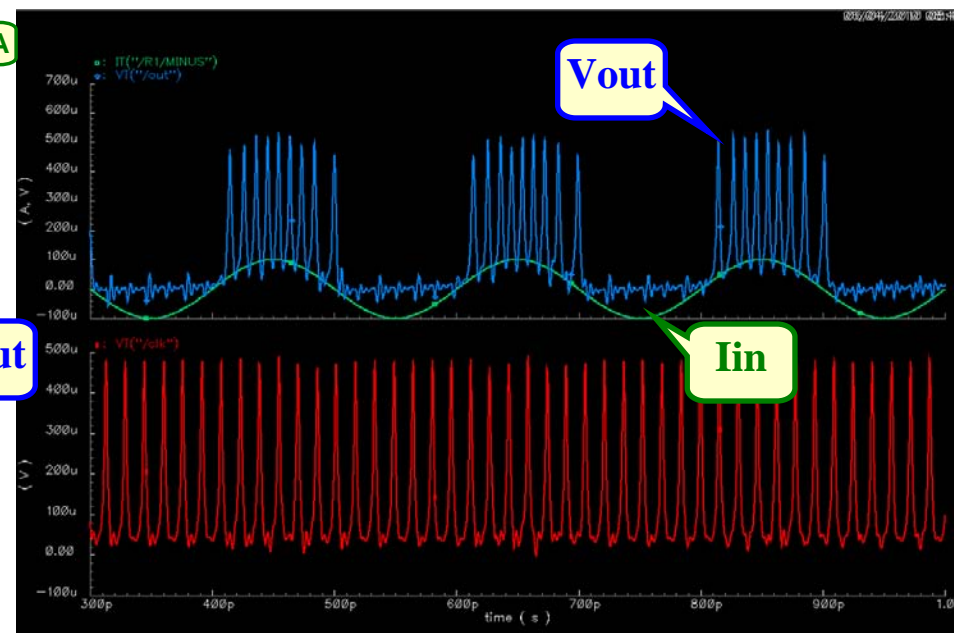


**Simulation Results**

### Comparator Design - Cadence Schematic & Simulation

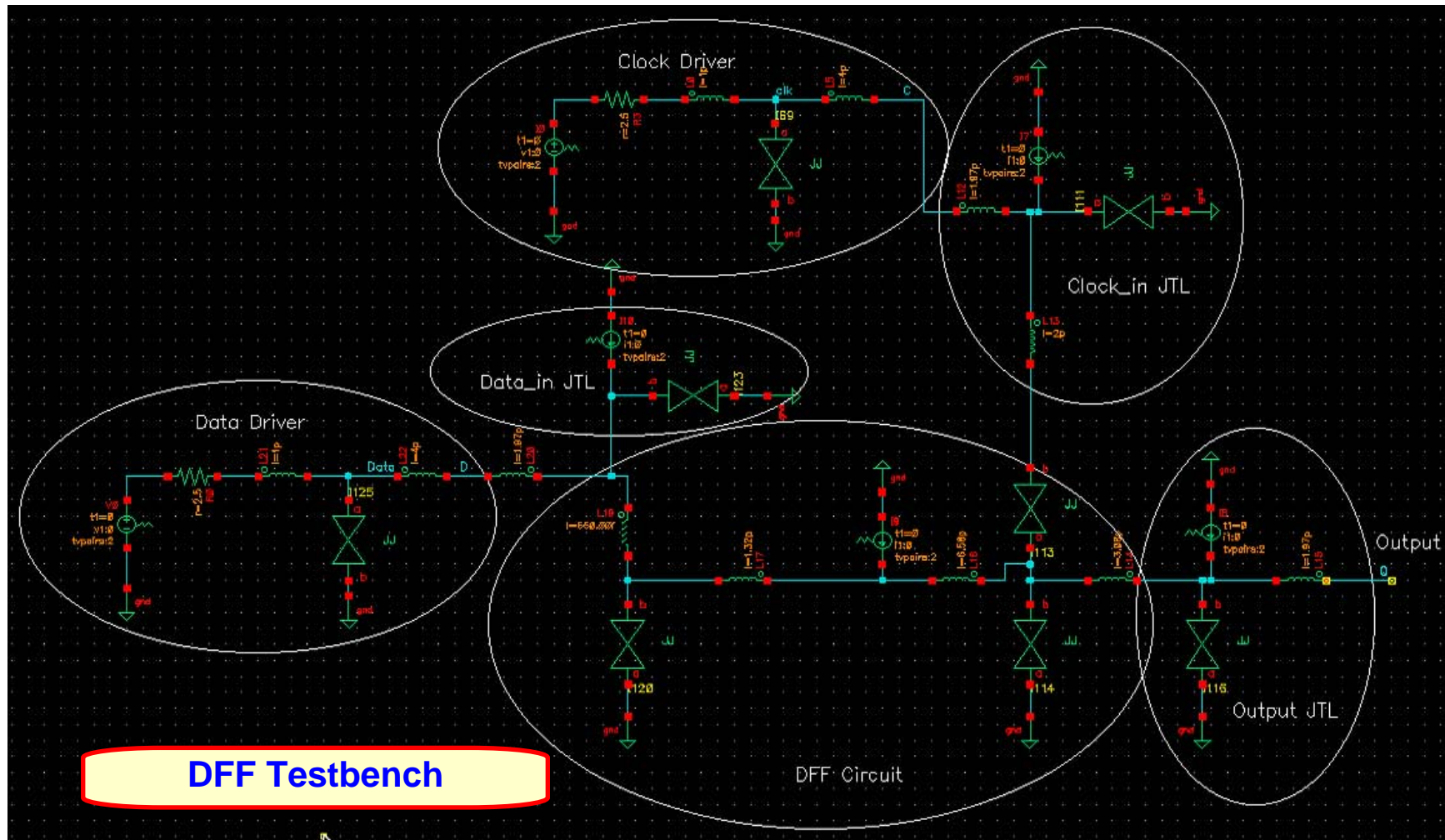


**Comparator Testbench**



**Simulation Results**

### D-Flip Flop Design - Cadence Testbench Schematic





### D-Flip Flop Design – Simulation Result

**Convergence Issue when simulating the DFF circuit: “Zero diagonal found in Jacobian”**  
**Could not simulate the DFF by itself or with other circuitry. This problem has plagued the remaining tasks of this design effort.**

```

/ecad/bigeye_local/Brad_sim/TB_DFF_2/spectre/schematic/psf/spectre.out

File Help 7

Zero diagonal found in Jacobian at `I111:idt0' and `I111:idt0'.
Reordering Jacobian.
Zero diagonal found in Jacobian at `I120:idt0' and `I120:idt0'.
Reordering Jacobian.
Trying `homotopy = ptran' for initial conditions..
Trying `homotopy = arclength' for initial conditions.

Error found by spectre during IC analysis, during transient analysis `tran'.
  ERROR (SPECTRE-11005): Matrix is singular (detected at `I125:idt0').
  ERROR (SPECTRE-16080): No DC solution found (no convergence).

The following set of suggestions might help you avoid convergence difficulties. Once you have a solution, wr

1. Evaluate and resolve any notice, warning, or error messages.
2. Perform sanity check on the parameter values using the parameter range checker (use ``+param param-limits
3. Check the direction of both independent and dependent current sources. Convergence problems might result
4. Enable diagnostic messages by setting option `diagnose=yes'.
5. Small floating resistors connected to high impedance nodes might cause convergence difficulties. Avoid ve
6. If you have an estimate of what the solution should be, use nodeset statements or a nodeset file and set
7. Use realistic device models. Check all component parameters, particularly nonlinear device model paramete
8. If simulating a bipolar analog circuit, ensure the region parameter on all transistors and diodes is set
9. Loosen tolerances, particularly absolute tolerances like `iabstol' (on options statement). If tolerances
10. Increase the value of gmin (on options statement).
11. Use numeric pivoting in the sparse matrix factorization by setting `pivotdc=yes' (on options statement).
12. Try to simplify the nonlinear component models in order to avoid regions in the model that might contribu
13. Divide the circuit into smaller pieces and simulate them individually, but ensure that the results will b
14. If all else fails, replace the DC analysis with a transient analysis and modify all the independent sourc

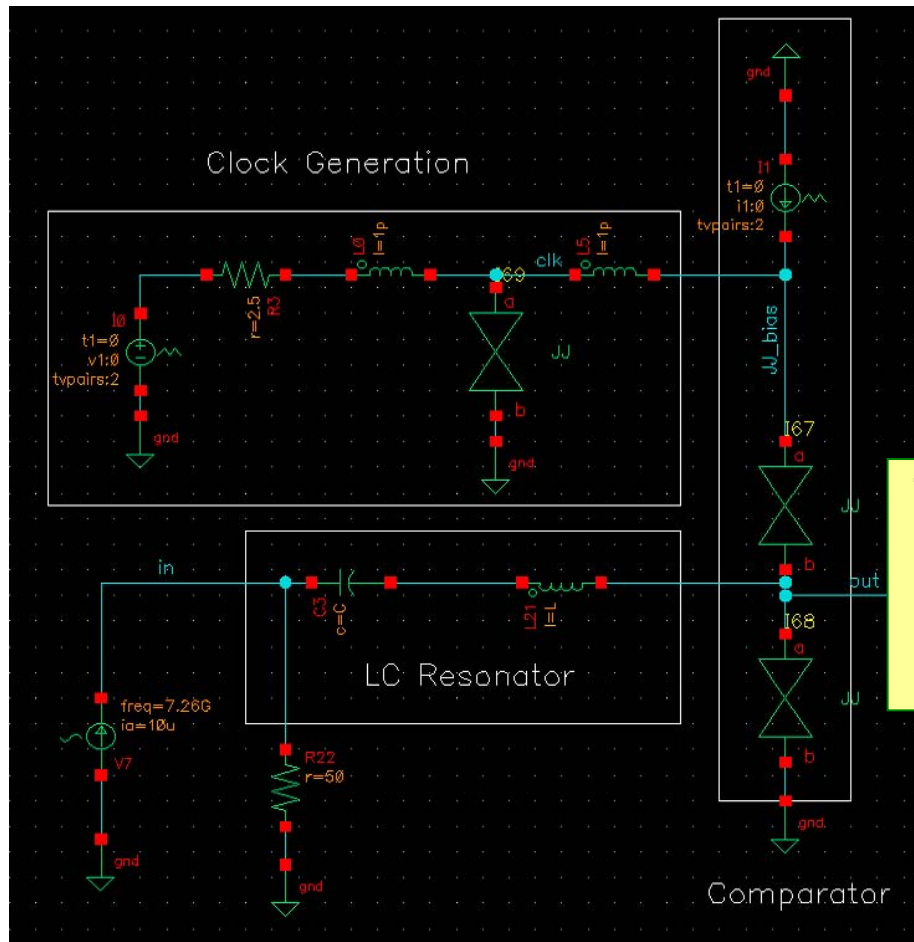
Analysis `tran' was terminated prematurely due to an error.
finalTimeOP: writing operating point information to rawfile.

Error found by spectre during DC analysis, during info `finalTimeOP'.
  ERROR (SPECTRE-16041): Analysis was skipped due to inability to compute operating point.

Analysis `finalTimeOP' was terminated prematurely due to an error.
modelParameter: writing model parameter values to rawfile.
element: writing instance parameter values to rawfile.
outputParameter: writing output parameter values to rawfile.
designParamVals: writing netlist parameters to rawfile.
primitives: writing primitives to rawfile.
subckts: writing subcircuits to rawfile.
asserts: writing assert to rawfile.

```

### Complete Initial 2<sup>nd</sup> Order Band-pass Modulator Design Cadence Schematic



The 2<sup>nd</sup> order sigma delta modulator was able to be simulated without the DFF on the output

Typically a DFF would be connected to the output to capture the digital pulses



# Modulator Design Documentation

## Modulator Design

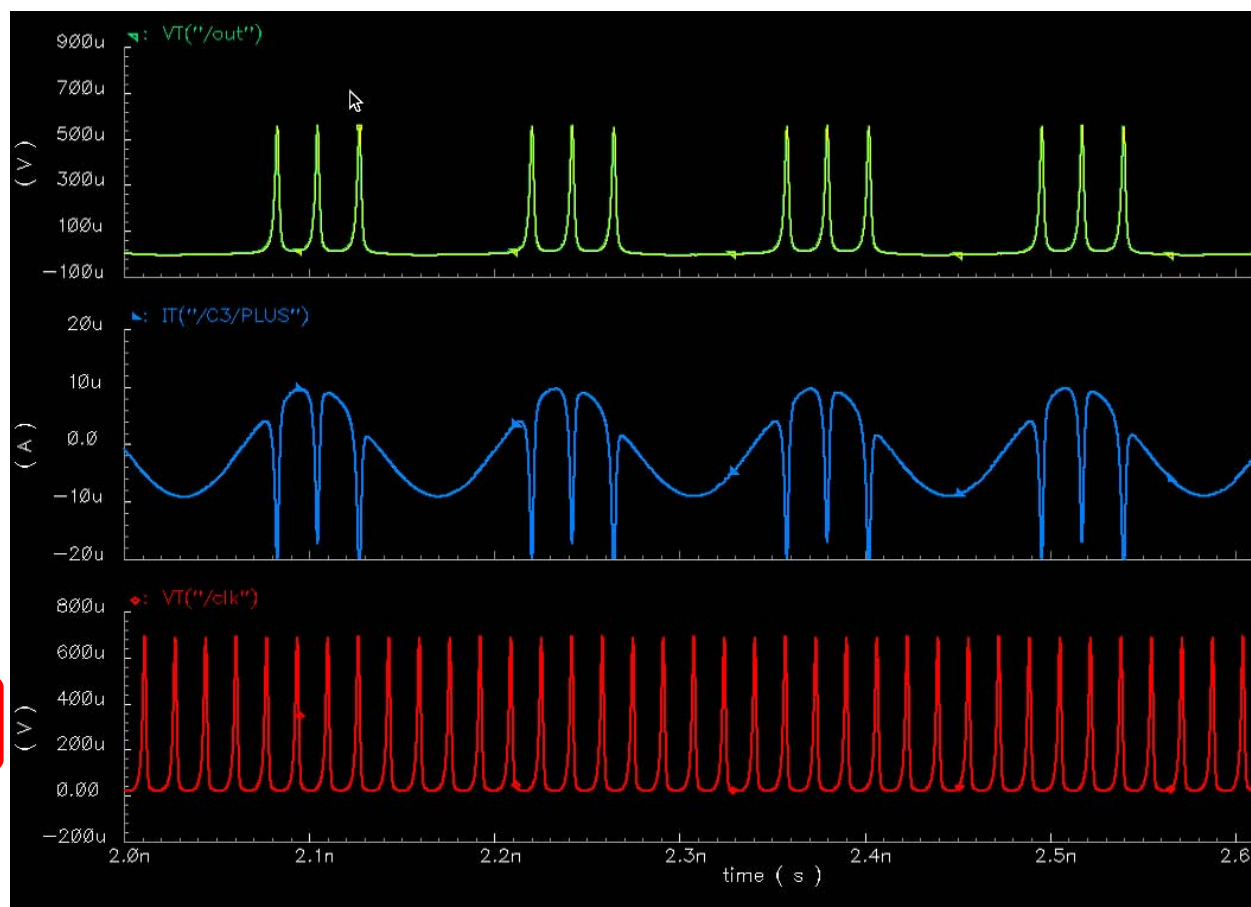


### Complete Initial 2<sup>nd</sup> Order Band-pass Modulator Design Cadence Simulation

Output  
Voltage (V)

Resonator  
Input Current  
(A)

Clock Voltage  
Pulses (V)





## Modulator Design Documentation Potential ENOB Improvements



**Based on the test data gathered earlier in this project, it appears that noise is the limiting factor of the ENOB performance not linearity or SFDR**

- **Noise can be broken down into a few components including device noise, thermal noise, and jitter.**
  - **Based on current literature and my own personal observations it appears that jitter is the leading culprit for ENOB degradation in Josephson junction sigma delta ADCs.**
    - **The main source of jitter for this device lies in the comparator gray zone.**
      - **Personal discussions with Thomas Ortlepp and reading his published papers, I believe he has made progress with Josephson junction comparator gray zone improvements.**
        - **Applying his techniques may greatly improve ENOB performance**





## Conclusion What Was Done On This Project



**The project consists of 2 phases a Test Phase & a Design Phase**

### **Test Phase**

- **Test Plan**

- **Completed 4/10/2009**

- **Testing**

- **Completed 5/01/2009 at Hypres in Elmsford, NY**
    - **Test results are documented in the Test Data Review Package submitted 5/18/2009**

- **Data Evaluation**

- **Completed and submitted to ONR in the Test Data Review Package on 5/18/2009**



## Conclusion

### What Was Done On This Project (continued)



#### Design Phase

- **Loop Filter Transfer Function Design (Matlab)**
  - **Completed 9/08/2009 and documented in the Design Review Package submitted 1/11/2010**
    - **Followed a sigma delta design flow to create discrete time (Z-domain) transfer .**
      - **Low pass 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> order (both optimized and not)**
      - **Band pass 2<sup>nd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> order (both optimized and not)**
    - **Converted the Z-Domain transfer functions to a continuous time (S-domain) transfer functions**
      - **Performance simulations were above design goal (4<sup>th</sup> order >16bits)**
- **Loop Filter Verification (Simulink)**
  - **Completed 1/11/2010 and documented in the Final Design Review Package submitted 1/11/2010**
    - **Used Simulink software to verify that the Z-domain transfer function matched the S-domain transfer function**



## Conclusion

### What Was Done On This Project (continued)



#### Design Phase (continued)

- **System Level Modulator Architecture Design (Simulink)**
  - **Completed 3/24/2010 and documented in the Final Design Review Package submitted 6/14/2010**
    - **Simulated both the 2<sup>nd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> order bandpass sigma delta modulator and compared the Z-domain results with the S-domain results.**
      - **Performance simulations were above design goal (4<sup>th</sup> order >13bits)**
- **Circuit Level Design**
  - **Resonator Design (schematic)**
    - **Completed 4/20/2010 and documented in the Final Design Review Package submitted 6/14/2010**
      - **Initial schematics & spice level simulations completed**
  - **Comparator Design (schematic)**
    - **Completed 5/25/2010 and documented in the Final Design Review Package submitted 6/14/2010**
      - **Initial schematics & spice level simulations completed**



## Conclusion

### What Was Done On This Project (continued)



#### Design Phase (continued)

- **Circuit Design (continued)**
  - **D-Flip Flop (schematic)**
    - **Convergence issued identified when simulating larger circuits**
      - **The Cadence circuit simulator is not designed to handle Josephson junction equations.**
        - Cadence uses voltages and currents to analyze circuit behavior through Ohms Law or active circuit models (transistors)
        - Josephson junctions use the phase difference across the junction to determine the device current. A DC simulation cannot be ran on the Josephson junction circuit.
        - A Transient analysis must be ran with a piece-wise-linear PWL voltage or current source with the values starting at 0 and ramping up the desired value. Otherwise the circuit won't converge
    - **Other simulators like PSCAN or JSIM are designed to perform Josephson junction simulation but are not well developed or are limited in use due to the lack of maturity with the superconductive Integrated circuit technology and design infrastructure**



## Conclusion

### What Was Done On This Project (continued)



#### Design Phase (continued)

- **ADC Modulator Design**

- **The schematic was created for the 2<sup>nd</sup> order sigma delta modulator and the initial simulations were performed but the progress was limited.**
  - **This effort also contained some of the convergence issues as with the DFF simulations.**
  - **The data is presented in this package (Fabrication Package)**
- **Due to the convergence issues with the Cadence simulations the 4<sup>th</sup> order sigma delta schematics were not developed nor were the simulations ran.**

- **Fabrication**

- **Boeing has determined that the design at this stage will not meet the design goals of the project and recommends not to fabricate the device**



## Conclusion (continued)

**We Did Not Meet The Goals Of The Project Because: *BOEING***

The goals for this project are to increase the (1) ENOB, (2) discuss the theory behind improvements, (3) document the evolution of the design, and (4) provide further insight into potential ENOB improvements.

Convergence problems with the device level spice simulations were the primary reason for not meeting the first two goals of this project.

This package and the previous three design packages meets the third goal.

The 4<sup>th</sup> goal is met on the page 22



## Conclusion (continued) This is Where We Are:



- **Top level optimized loop filter transfer functions have been designed & verified for 2<sup>nd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> order bandpass sigma delta ADC modulators**
- **Modulator architectures has been designed**
- **Initial resonator schematics have been designed and simulated**
- **Initial comparator schematics have been designed and simulated**
- **Initial DFF schematic has been designed, however due to convergence issues I was not able to simulate the DFF**
- **Initial 2<sup>nd</sup> order bandpass sigma delta ADC modulator schematics have been designed and simulated**
- **The 4<sup>th</sup> order bandpass sigma delta ADC modulator schematics have not been designed or simulated**
- **No layout has been created for the circuits designed**